## JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

**DISTRICT OFFICE:** Walla Walla (CENWW) FILE NUMBER: NWW2007-637-C07 PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION: State: Idaho County: Bonner Center coordinates of site (UTM): N. 5336646.75 E. 507469.14 Lat. 48.18498423 Lon. -116.89951485 Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 0.013 acres. Name of nearest waterway: Priest River Name of watershed: JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION Completed: Desktop determination Date: June 1, 2007 Site visit(s) Date(s): **Jurisdictional Determination (JD):** Preliminary JD - Based on available information,  $\square$  there appear to be (or)  $\square$  there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply: There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: . There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: . There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area. Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction. BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION: A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States": The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce. B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States": (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide. (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands<sup>1</sup>. (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply): (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes. (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce. (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce. (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US. (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above. (6) The presence of territorial seas.
(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent<sup>2</sup> to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands. Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above. The Priest River is jurisdictional as a tributary to the Pend Oreille River, a navigable water of the United States. Priest River at the dock location is within the summer pool of Albeni Falls Dam and is therefore subject to regulation under Section 10 of the Rivers and Hargors Act of 1899 as well as Section 404 of the Clean Water Act. **Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction:** (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: High Tide Line indicated by: ☐ clear, natural line impressed on the bank oil or scum line along shore objects the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics destruction of terrestrial vegetation ☐ tidal gages shelving other: formfld other: Full lake elevation of 2062.5 feet NGVD as regulated at Albeni Falls Dam Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.

DATA I	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):
	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.
	Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.
	This office concurs with the delineation report, dated, prepared by (company):
_	This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated, prepared by (company):
	Data sheets prepared by the Corps.
	Corps' navigable waters' studies:
	U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:
$\boxtimes$	U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Priest River
	U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:
	U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:
	USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:
	National wetlands inventory maps:
	State/Local wetland inventory maps:
	FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):
	100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)
	Aerial Photographs (Name & Date):
$\vdash$	Other photographs (Date):
片	Advanced Identification Wetland maps:
$\vdash$	Site visit/determination conducted on:
$\vdash$	Applicable/supporting case law:
	Other information (please specify):
Preparer: Dean Hilliard Date: June 1, 2007	

Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

 $<sup>^{2}</sup>$ The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.